

Why You Should Read This: The document below reviews the environmental impact likely from a State Revolving Fund project. As part of the environmental review, you are entitled to provide comments. If you have concerns about the environmental impact of this project, raise them now. We encourage public input in this decision-making process.



IOWA STATE REVOLVING FUND
FINDING OF NO SIGNIFICANT IMPACT

September 23, 2026

To: All Interested Citizens, Government Agencies, and Public Groups

An environmental review has been performed based on the procedures for implementing the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA), for the proposed agency action below:

Applicant: City of Boone

SRF Number: CS1921218 01

County: Boone

Iowa DNR Project Number: S2025-0125B

State: Iowa

The City of Boone, Iowa is planning an upgrade to their wastewater infrastructure. The city has applied for financial assistance through the State Revolving Fund (SRF) loan program to build the project. The State Revolving Loan Program is a program authorized by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and administered by the Iowa Department of Natural Resources (DNR) in partnership with the Iowa Finance Authority. This project will not be receiving federal funds through SRF.

The City of Boone is located in Boone County, Iowa approximately 14 miles west of Ames, Iowa and 29 miles south of Webster City, Iowa. The population of Boone according to the 2020 US Census was 12,460 people. A modified design population equivalent for the year 2046 will not be considered as the project only addresses industrial growth on the east side of town.

The city operates a municipal wastewater treatment facility (WWTF) to treat all wastewater generated by its sewer users within the community. The new Daisy Brands Industry is under construction in the community and the city anticipates other potential industries to join the community in the Eastgate area in the future. The Daisy Brands Industry will discharge wastewater to the existing sanitary sewer system for treatment at the WWTF. This discharge will result in an increased industrial flows and loadings to the WWTF. The city proposed improvements to the existing WWTF in a separate SRF project. The existing conditions and planned improvements of the WWTF are outside the scope of this proposed project.

The city's sanitary sewer collection system includes approximately 68 miles of gravity sanitary sewer pipe ranging in size from 8 to 42 inches in diameter. The project improvements focus on the collection system downstream of the proposed Daisy Brand Industry site on the southeast corner of Boone, which transports wastewater from that area to the WWTF. The collection system currently includes a lift station that serves the businesses near the Daisy Brand Industry site. The current Eastgate Lift Station and force main infrastructure is aging and some components are nearing the end of their operational life. Additionally, some processes have become inefficient for the operators due to the plant's evolution over the decades. Short Elliot Hendrickson,

Inc. (SEH, Inc.) completed an evaluation of the city's existing water collection system and its ability to accommodate the proposed industrial developments, including Daisy Brands and other potential industrial facilities. The evaluation shows that the existing Lift Station and Force Main do not have adequate capacity to transport the flows expected from the Daisy Brands Industry as well as other projected industries on the east side of town.

The purpose of this project is to make improvements to the sanitary sewer collection system to enhance their reliability, increase capacity and to replace an obsolete system to safely and reliably operate the City of Boone's collection system for the next 20 years. The proposed project will include two components: 1) construct a new pump station and 2) install approximately 16,300 linear feet of sewer force main to transport wastewater from the community's eastern area to a point in the existing collection system that is north of the existing wastewater treatment facility. The pump station project will construct a new 3.9 million-gallon-per-day submersible lift station with an above-ground valve and control building. The project will include two new sanitary sewer manholes, site piping, and the installation of approximately 105 linear feet of 15-inch sanitary sewer with directional drilling. The existing lift station will be demolished. Approximately 0.02 acres of the proposed pump station site will be acquired by the city to allow site grading operations. The project will include site fencing, site restoration, a new generator, and all associated electrical work, connections, and appurtenances. The sewer force main project will install approximately 16,300 linear feet of 18-inch force main primarily with directional drilling to minimize excavation and surface disturbance. Approximately 200 linear feet of installation will be open cut. The force main will be installed a minimum of 8 feet deep, with many areas reaching 15 feet. All work on the new force main will be completed within the existing roadway right-of-way, easements, and property owned by the City of Boone. The project will include air release structures, site restoration, and all necessary connections and appurtenances. The project may also include approximately 1,225 SY of new 6-foot-wide chip trail surfacing. Drilling fluid from the force main installation will be deposited in an existing detention area located on S Division Street.

The treated wastewater from the WWTF discharges into Honey Creek, which is tributary to the Des Moines River. Honey Creek has a use stream designation of A2 B(WW-2). Class A2 waters are secondary contact recreational use waters in which recreational or other uses may result in contact with the water that is either incidental or accidental. During the recreational use, the probability of ingesting appreciable quantities of water is minimal. Class A2 uses include fishing, commercial and recreational boating, any limited contact incidental to shoreline activities and activities in which users do not swim or float in the water body while on a boating activity. Waters designated Class B(WW2) are those in which flow or other physical characteristics are capable of supporting a resident aquatic community that includes a variety of native nongame fish and invertebrate species. The flow and other physical characteristics limit the maintenance of warm water game fish populations. These waters generally consist of small perennially flowing streams.

Positive environmental effects will be improved sanitary sewer services for the growing community and new industrial developments, allowing for the proper treatment and disposal of wastewater and ensuring compliance with environmental regulations. The project will not significantly affect the pattern and type of land use (industrial, commercial, agricultural, recreational, residential) or growth and distribution of population. The project will not conflict with local, regional or State land use plans or policies. The project will not impact wetlands since the force main will be installed via directional drilling for stream crossings. The project will not affect threatened and endangered species or their habitats provided that any tree cutting is conducted between October 1 and March 31 to avoid impacting endangered bats. If any State- or Federally-listed threatened or endangered species or communities are found during the planning or construction phases, additional studies and/or mitigation may be required. Section 9 of the Endangered Species Act may apply and other wildlife conservation laws such as the Migratory Bird Treaty Act of 1918 and the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act of 1940. The project will not displace population, alter the character

of existing residential areas, or convert significant farmlands to non-agricultural purposes. The project will not affect the 100-year flood plain provided all necessary local flood plain development permits are obtained and the terms of which are abided by. The project does not currently require a state flood plain development permit. The project will not have effect on parklands, preserves, other public lands, or areas of recognized scenic or recreational value.

Various Native American tribes with an interest in the area were provided information regarding the project. This project will not be receiving federal funds through SRF. As such, this project is not considered a federal undertaking as defined in §300320 under the National Historic Preservation Act, 54 U.S.C. 300101 et seq. for the purpose of the SRF environmental review. If this SRF project receives federal funds from other sources, it is the responsibility of the applicant to ensure all federal requirements are met for that funding. If project activities uncover any item(s) that might be of archaeological, historical, or architectural interest, or if important new archaeological, historical, or architectural data should be encountered in the project APE, the applicant should make reasonable efforts to avoid further impacts to the property until an assessment can be made by an individual meeting the Secretary of the Interior's professional qualifications standards (36 CFR Part 61).

The project will not have a significant adverse effect upon local ambient air quality provided the applicant takes reasonable precautions to prevent the discharge of visible emissions of fugitive dusts beyond the lot line of the property during the proposed project (567 IAC 23.3(2)“c”). The project will not have a significant adverse effect upon local ambient noise levels, surface water quantity, groundwater quality or quantity, or water supply.

No significant impact to surface water quality, fish, shellfish, wildlife, or their natural habitats is expected provided that an NPDES General Permit Number 2 (for storm water discharge associated with construction activities) is obtained and the terms of which are abided by

Minimum separation distances will be maintained. Noise during construction will be maintained at tolerable levels through controls on construction activities. Any construction debris will be removed from the site for proper disposal. Adverse environmental effects from construction activities will be minimized with proper construction practices, inspection, prompt clean up and other appropriate measures. Areas temporarily disturbed by the construction will be restored.

It has been determined that the proposed action will result in no significant impacts to the surrounding environment. This determination is based on a careful review of the engineering report, the environmental assessment and other supporting data which are on file at the Department of Natural Resources' office in Des Moines, Iowa. These are available for public review upon request. A copy of the environmental assessment is attached. This Department will not take any administrative action on the project for at least thirty (30) calendar days from the above date. Persons disagreeing with the above environmental decision may submit comments to the department during this period. Your comments can be sent to SRF-PC@dnr.iowa.gov or directly to me at Rebecca.FlynnKettman@dnr.iowa.gov or (515) 204-5672.

Sincerely,

Rebecca Flynn
Kettman
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Rebecca Flynn Kettman
Environmental Specialist
6200 Park Ave, Suite 200
Des Moines, IA 50321

Enclosures: Environmental Assessment Document
Project Map

Distribution

List (email): Christina McCracken, SEH, Inc.
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Jane Clark, Sierra Club
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Kraig McPeck, Fish and Wildlife Service, Rock Island Field Office
Ann D'Alfonso, USEPA Region VII
The Boone News Republican

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IOWA STATE REVOLVING FUND
ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT DOCUMENT

Applicant: City of Boone
County: Boone
State: Iowa

SRF Number: CS1921218 01
Iowa DNR Project Number: S2025-0125B

COMMUNITY DESCRIPTION

Location: The City of Boone is located in Boone County, Iowa approximately 14 miles west of Ames, Iowa and 29 miles south of Webster City, Iowa.

Population: The population of Boone according to the 2020 US Census was 12,460 people. A modified design population equivalent for the year 2046 will not be considered as the project only addresses industrial growth on the east side of town.

Current Waste Treatment: The city operates a municipal wastewater treatment facility (WWTF) to treat all wastewater generated by its sewer users within the community. The new Daisy Brands Industry is under construction in the community and the city anticipates other potential industries to join the community in the Eastgate area in the future. The Daisy Brands Industry will discharge wastewater to the existing sanitary sewer system for treatment at the WWTF. This discharge will result in an increased industrial flows and loadings to the WWTF. The city proposed improvements to the existing WWTF in a separate SRF project. The existing conditions and planned improvements of the WWTF are outside the scope of this proposed project.

Current Waste Collection System: The city's sanitary sewer collection system includes approximately 68 miles of gravity sanitary sewer pipe ranging in size from 8 to 42 inches in diameter. The project improvements focus on the collection system downstream of the proposed Daisy Brand Industry site on the southeast corner of Boone, which transports wastewater from that area to the WWTF. The collection system currently includes a lift station that serves the businesses near the Daisy Brand Industry site. The current Eastgate Lift Station and force main infrastructure is aging and some components are nearing the end of their operational life. Additionally, some processes have become inefficient for the operators due to the plant's evolution over the decades. Short Elliot Hendrickson, Inc. (SEH, Inc.) completed an evaluation of the city's existing water collection system and its ability to accommodate the proposed industrial developments, including Daisy Brands and other potential industrial facilities. The evaluation shows that the existing Lift Station and Force Main do not have adequate capacity to transport the flows expected from the Daisy Brands Industry as well as other projected industries on the east side of town.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

Purpose: The purpose of this project is to make improvements to the sanitary sewer collection system to enhance their reliability, increase capacity and to replace an obsolete system to safely and reliably operate the City of Boone's collection system for the next 20 years.

Proposed Improvements: The proposed project will include two components: 1) construct a new pump station and 2) install approximately 16,300 linear feet of sewer force main to transport wastewater from the community's eastern area to a point in the existing collection system that is north of the existing wastewater treatment facility. The pump station project will construct a new 3.9 million-gallon-per-day submersible lift station with an above-ground valve and control building. The project will include two new sanitary sewer manholes, site piping, and the installation of approximately 105 linear feet of 15-inch sanitary sewer with directional drilling. The existing lift station will be demolished. Approximately 0.02 acres of the proposed pump station site will be acquired by the city to allow site grading operations. The project will include site fencing, site restoration, a new generator, and all associated electrical work, connections, and appurtenances. The sewer force main project will install approximately 16,300 linear feet of 18-inch force main primarily with directional drilling to minimize excavation and surface disturbance. Approximately 200 linear feet of installation will be open cut. The force main will be installed a minimum of 8 feet deep, with many areas reaching 15 feet. All work on the new force main will be completed within the existing roadway right-of-way, easements, and property owned by the City of Boone. The project will include air release structures, site restoration, and all necessary connections and appurtenances. The project may also include approximately 1,225 SY of new 6-foot-wide chip trail surfacing. Drilling fluid from the force main installation will be deposited in an existing detention area located on S Division Street.

Receiving Stream: The treated wastewater from the WWTF discharges into Honey Creek, which is tributary to the Des Moines River. Honey Creek has a use stream designation of A2 B(WW-2). Class A2 waters are secondary contact recreational use waters in which recreational or other uses may result in contact with the water that is either incidental or accidental. During the recreational use, the probability of ingesting appreciable quantities of water is minimal. Class A2 uses include fishing, commercial and recreational boating, any limited contact incidental to shoreline activities and activities in which users do not swim or float in the water body while on a boating activity. Waters designated Class B(WW2) are those in which flow or other physical characteristics are capable of supporting a resident aquatic community that includes a variety of native nongame fish and invertebrate species. The flow and other physical characteristics limit the maintenance of warm water game fish populations. These waters generally consist of small perennially flowing streams.

FUTURE ACTIONS & CUMULATIVE IMPACTS

Future Actions: The proposed improvements are being constructed at this time in order to provide sanitary sewer service to serve new industrial developments projected on the southeast side of town, including the Daisy Brand Industry.

In addition, the proposed developments may require the construction of new roads or expansion of existing roads. Any road constructed by the Iowa Department of Transportation subject to the National Environmental Policy Act will require a review of environmental impacts before being constructed.

Cumulative Impacts: Impacts to the existing environmental and/or cultural resources within the project area are expected as a result of future development activity. Future development of the project area will occur regardless of other funding sources involved or the required permits that are necessary for construction.

Mitigation measures to avoid or minimize damage or to protect, restore, and enhance the existing environmental and/or cultural resources will be determined based upon applicable local, state and/or federal requirements.

ALTERNATIVES CONSIDERED

Alternatives Considered: The city considered different options to accommodate the projected new industrial flow and the existing flows to the Eastgate Lift Station. The options included a new lift station and replacing various lengths of the existing undersized force mains and existing gravity sewer segments:

- Option 1: New 2,500 gpm pump station and replacement of approximately 6,680 feet of undersized gravity sanitary sewer downstream of the new pump station and force main. This option includes 5,870 feet of new force main from the new pump station to the existing termination point in the gravity sewer system.
- Option 2: New 2,500 gpm pump station and a combination of 1,970 feet of gravity sanitary sewer replacement and 10,850 feet of force main to a further point downstream to reduce gravity sewer replacement.
- Option 3: New 2,500 gpm pump station and installation of 16,300 feet of force main from the new pump station to a point near the WWTF. Replacement of existing gravity sanitary sewer is not required with this option.

Reasons for Selection of Proposed Alternative: The No-Action alternative is not viable due to the aging force main infrastructure and the imminent Daisy Brand Industry and other projected industrial developments that will discharge wastewater and increase the systems flows and loads. Option 3 is the most cost-effective means of accommodating the increased flows and does not require reconstruction of existing streets to replace existing gravity sanitary sewers and sewer services that are located in the center of streets. This alternative also does not result in industrial sewage flowing through residential areas in existing sanitary sewers that could cause odor or potential basement back-ups.

The project site was selected for the availability of land (much of it is already City-owned) as well as minimization of the impacts to the environment. The city will purchase approximately 0.02 acres of land for the new lift station.

MEASURES TAKEN TO ASSESS IMPACT

Public Involvement: A public hearing was held on September 7, 2026 at 6:00 pm at the City's regular council meeting. The public notice of this hearing was placed on the city website on July 20, 2026 and posted to the city Facebook page on July 17, 2026. The purpose of this hearing was to present the environmental and financial impacts of the proposed improvement project. No written or oral comments were received.

Coordination and Documentation with Other Agencies and Special Interest Groups: The following Federal, state and local agencies were provided an opportunity to comment on the proposed project to better assess the potential impact to the environment:

The following Federal, state and local agencies were provided an opportunity to comment on the proposed project to better assess the potential impact to the environment:

Iowa DNR Conservation and Recreation Division
Iowa DNR Flood Plain Management Section
Flandreau Santee Sioux
Ho-Chunk Nation
Iowa Tribe of Kansas and Nebraska

Iowa Tribe of Oklahoma
Kickapoo Tribe in Kansas
Kickapoo Tribe of Oklahoma
Lower Sioux Indian Community Council
Miami Tribe of Oklahoma
Omaha Tribe of Nebraska
Otoe-Missouria Tribe
Pawnee Nation of Oklahoma
Peoria Tribe of Indians of Oklahoma
Ponca Tribe of Indians of Oklahoma
Ponca Tribe of Nebraska
Prairie Band Potawatomi Nation
Prairie Island Indian Community
Sac & Fox Nation of Mississippi in Iowa
Sac & Fox Nation of Missouri
Sac & Fox Nation of Oklahoma
Santee Sioux Nation
Shakopee Mdewakanton Sioux Community
Sisseton-Wahpeton Oyate
Spirit Lake Tribal Council
Three Affiliated Tribes Mandan, Hidatsa & Arikara Nations
Upper Sioux Tribe
Winnebago Tribal Council
Yankton Sioux Tribe

No adverse comments have been received from any agencies or general public. Conditions placed on the applicant by the above agencies in order to assure no significant impact are included in the Summary of Reasons for Concluding No Significant Impact section.

ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT SUMMARY

Construction: Traffic patterns within the community may be disrupted and above normal noise levels in the vicinity of the construction equipment can be anticipated during construction and should be a temporary problem. Adverse environmental impacts on noise quality will be handled by limited hours of contractor work time during the day. Other adverse environmental effects from construction activities will be minimized by proper construction practices, inspection, prompt cleanup, and other appropriate measures. Areas temporarily disturbed by the construction will be restored. Solid wastes resulting from the construction project will be regularly cleared away with substantial efforts made to minimize inconvenience to area residents.

Care will be taken to maintain dirt to avoid erosion and runoff. The proposed project will disturb one or more acres of soil; therefore, the applicant is required to obtain an NPDES General Permit Number 2 (for storm water discharge associated with construction activities) and abide by its terms. Provided that this permit is obtained and the terms of which are abided by, no significant impact to surface water quality, fish, shellfish, wildlife, or their natural habitats is expected.

Temporary air quality degradation may occur due to dust and fumes from construction equipment. The applicant shall take reasonable precautions to prevent the discharge of visible emissions of fugitive dusts

beyond the lot line of the property during the proposed project (567 Iowa Administrative Code IAC 23.3(2)“c”).

This project may require the disposal of sewage sludge. It is the responsibility of the applicant to ensure that the disposal of any sewage sludge complies with applicable requirements found in 40 CFR Part 503 and 567 Iowa Administrative Code IAC 67.

Properties that contain regulated materials are located within or very near the proposed project area. If construction activities find an unknown area of contamination, it is the responsibility of the applicant to follow the procedure for notification of hazardous conditions (567 IAC 131.2). Excavated soil that contains a hazardous substance must be assessed and properly disposed of (567 IAC 100.4).

Historical/Archaeological: Various Native American tribes with an interest in the area were provided information regarding the project. This project will not be receiving federal funds through SRF. As such, this project is not considered a federal undertaking as defined in §300320 under the National Historic Preservation Act, 54 U.S.C. 300101 et seq. for the purpose of the SRF environmental review. If this SRF project receives federal funds from other sources, it is the responsibility of the applicant to ensure all federal requirements are met for that funding.

However, if project activities uncover any item(s) that might be of archaeological, historical, or architectural interest, or if important new archaeological, historical, or architectural data should be encountered in the project area, the applicant should make reasonable efforts to avoid further impacts to the property until an assessment can be made by an individual meeting the Secretary of the Interior’s professional qualifications standards (36 CFR Part 61).

Environmental: The project area was screened for the presence of wetlands, floodplains, and sovereign lands. SRF notified the applicant that additional permit applications for this project may be necessary. A permit application was submitted to the Iowa DNR Conservation and Recreation Division and the DNR Flood Plain Management Section. According to the Iowa DNR Conservation and Recreation Division, the proposed project will not interfere with any State-owned parks, recreational areas or open spaces. According to the Iowa DNR Flood Plain Management Section, this project will not impact the 100-year flood plain provided all necessary local floodplain development permits are obtained and the terms of which are abided by. The project does not currently require a state flood plain development permit since the project will not change the natural contours and will use directional drilling for stream crossings. The project will not impact wetlands since the force main is planned to be installed via directional drilling for stream crossings. The project will not impact any wild and scenic rivers as none exist within the State of Iowa.

Endangered Species Act Section 7 consultation is not required for this non-federal SRF project. Section 9 of the Endangered Species Act may apply and other wildlife conservation laws such as the Migratory Bird Treaty Act of 1918 and the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act of 1940. The U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service Information for Planning and Consultation website (IPAC) consultation determined, and Iowa DNR Conservation and Recreation Division agree, that the project will not impact protected species or their habitats provided that any tree cutting is conducted between October 1 and March 31 to avoid impacting endangered bats. However, if any State- or Federally-listed threatened or endangered species or communities are found during the planning or construction phases, additional studies and/or mitigation may be required. No adverse impacts are expected to result from this project, such as those to surface water quantity, or groundwater quality or quantity.

Land Use and Trends: The project will not displace population nor will it alter the character of existing residential areas. The proposed project is within the present corporate limits of Boone in areas zoned residential, commercial, or industrial. No significant farmlands will be impacted. This project should not impact population trends as the presence or absence of existing water/sewer infrastructure is unlikely to induce significant alterations in the population growth or distribution given the myriads of factors that influence development in this region. Similarly, this project is unlikely to induce significant alterations in the pattern and type of land use.

Irreversible and Irretrievable Commitment of Resources: Fuels, materials, and various forms of energy will be utilized during construction.

Nondiscrimination: All programs, projects, and activities undertaken by DNR in the SRF programs are subject to federal anti-discrimination laws, including the Civil Rights Act of 1964, section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, and section 13 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Amendments of 1972. These laws prohibit discrimination on the basis of race, color, national origin, sex, disability, or age.

POSITIVE ENVIRONMENTAL EFFECTS TO BE REALIZED FROM THE PROPOSED PROJECT

Positive environmental effects will be improved sanitary sewer services for the growing community and new industrial developments, allowing for the proper treatment and disposal of wastewater and ensuring compliance with environmental regulations.

SUMMARY OF REASONS FOR CONCLUDING NO SIGNIFICANT IMPACT

- The project will not significantly affect the pattern and type of land use (industrial, commercial, agricultural, recreational, residential) or growth and distribution of population.
- The project will not conflict with local, regional or State land use plans or policies.
- The project will not impact wetlands since the force main will be installed via directional drilling for stream crossings.
- The project will not affect threatened and endangered species or their habitats provided that any tree cutting is conducted between October 1 and March 31 to avoid impacting endangered bats. If any State- or Federally-listed threatened or endangered species or communities are found during the planning or construction phases, additional studies and/or mitigation may be required. Section 9 of the Endangered Species Act may apply and other wildlife conservation laws such as the Migratory Bird Treaty Act of 1918 and the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act of 1940.
- The project will not displace population, alter the character of existing residential areas, or convert significant farmlands to non-agricultural purposes.
- The project will not affect the 100-year flood plain provided all necessary local floodplain development permits are obtained and the terms of which are abided by. The project does not currently require a state flood plain development permit.
- The project will not have effect on parklands, preserves, other public lands, or areas of recognized scenic or recreational value.
- Various Native American tribes with an interest in the area were provided information regarding the project.
- This project will not be receiving federal funds through SRF. As such, this project is not considered a federal undertaking as defined in §300320 under the National Historic Preservation Act, 54 U.S.C. 300101 et seq. for the purpose of the SRF environmental review. If this SRF project receives federal funds from other sources, it is the responsibility of the applicant to ensure all federal requirements are met for that funding.

- If project activities uncover any item(s) that might be of archaeological, historical, or architectural interest, or if important new archaeological, historical, or architectural data should be encountered in the project APE, the applicant should make reasonable efforts to avoid further impacts to the property until an assessment can be made by an individual meeting the Secretary of the Interior's professional qualifications standards (36 CFR Part 61).
- The project will not have a significant adverse effect upon local ambient air quality provided the applicant takes reasonable precautions to prevent the discharge of visible emissions of fugitive dusts beyond the lot line of the property during the proposed project (567 IAC 23.3(2)"c").
- The project will not have a significant adverse effect upon local ambient noise levels, surface water quantity, groundwater quality or quantity, or water supply.
- No significant impact to surface water quality, fish, shellfish, wildlife, or their natural habitats is expected provided that an NPDES General Permit Number 2 (for storm water discharge associated with construction activities) is obtained and the terms of which are abided by.

THEREFORE:

The above project conforms to the criteria in 567 Iowa Administrative Code 92.8(1)"b" relating to compliance with the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969. This Environmental Assessment Document (EAD) outlines the justification that the environmental review for the proposed project should be classified as a Finding of No Significant Impact (FNSI) and does not rise to the significance of an Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) in accordance with 40 CFR § 1501.5.

**Rebecca Flynn
Kettman**

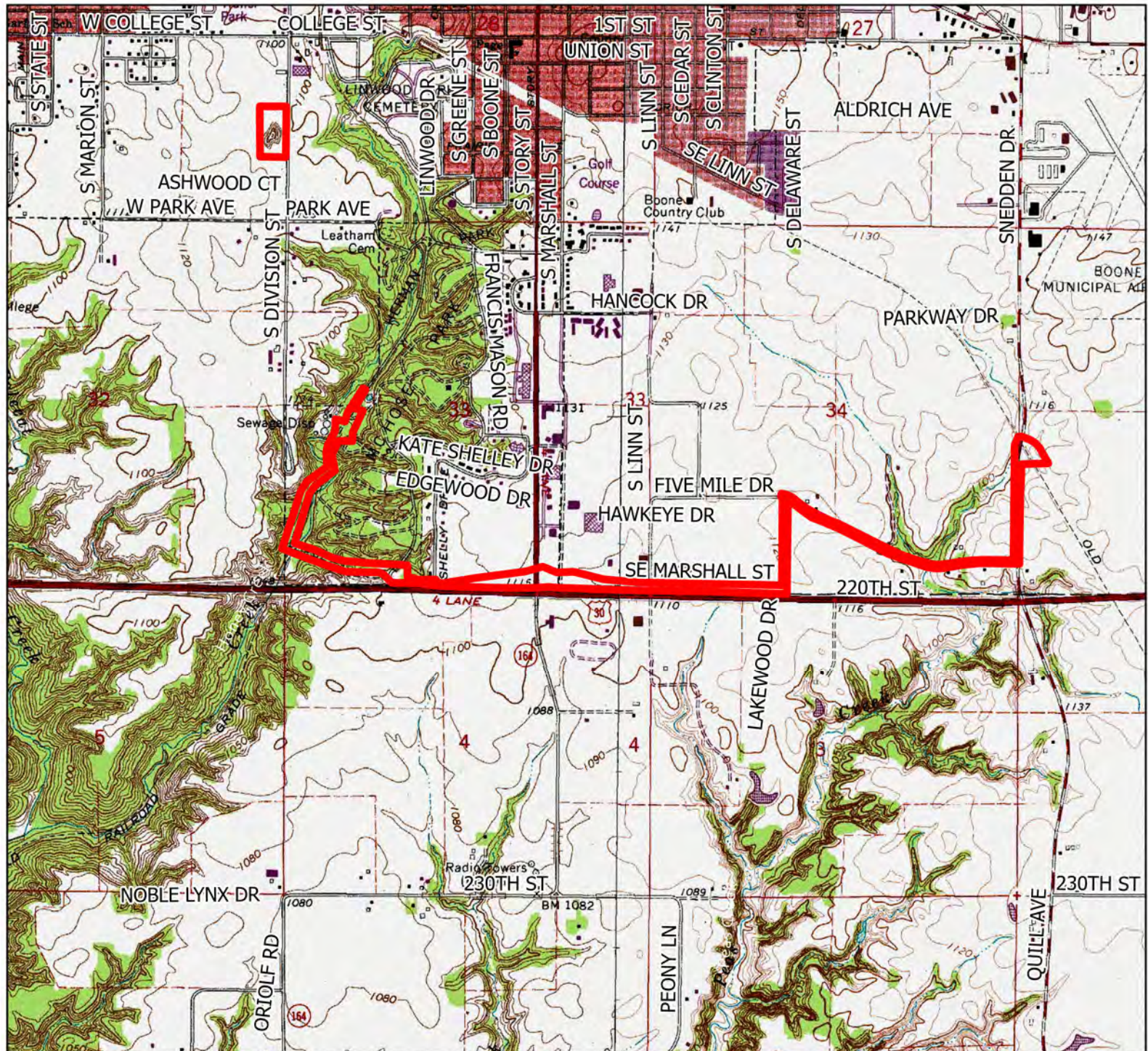
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Rebecca Flynn Kettman

Environmental Review Specialist

State Revolving Fund

Iowa Department of Natural Resources



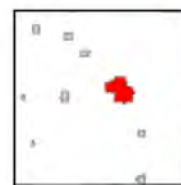
USGS Topographic Map

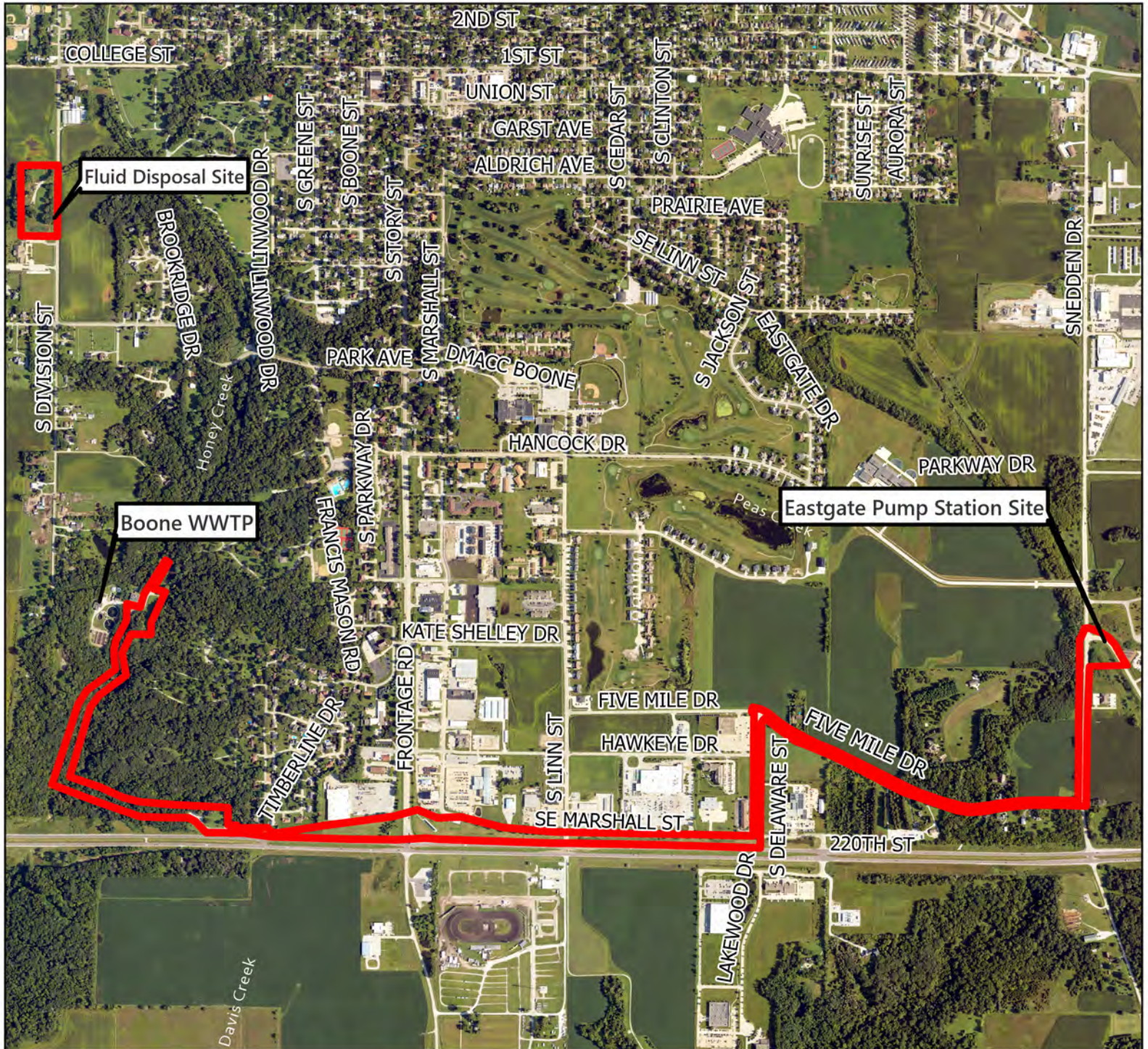
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City of Boone Eastgate Pump Station & Force Main Replacement Project
Boone, IA (Boone County)

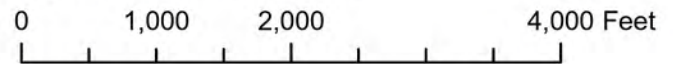
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 Proposed Project Area





City of Boone Eastgate Pump Station & Force Main Replacement Project
Boone, IA (Boone County)



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 Proposed Project Area